

Draft Massachusetts 2021 Air Monitoring Network Plan

June 14, 2021



Department of Environmental Protection Bureau of Air and Waste Division of Air and Climate Programs Air Assessment Branch Wall Experiment Station 37 Shattuck Street Lawrence, Massachusetts 01843



This is the draft 2021 Massachusetts Air Monitoring Network Plan prepared by the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection (MassDEP) in accordance with Title 40 CFR Part 58.10. Each year, MassDEP is required to submit a Network Plan to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) for review and approval.

MassDEP operates a network of 23 ambient air quality monitoring stations in 19 communities located across the state. The Wampanoag Tribe of Gay Head (Aquinnah) operates an ozone monitoring station on Martha's Vineyard. MassDEP and the Wampanoag Tribe are members of the same Primary Quality Assurance Organization (PQAO), which ensures consistent quality assurance of ambient air quality data collected in Massachusetts.

The Massachusetts monitoring network is part of a comprehensive program to collect and provide information about air quality to the public and to determine compliance with National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS). This draft Network Plan reviews MassDEP's ambient air monitoring network to demonstrate that the requirements of 40 CFR Part 58 Appendices A, C, D and E are met, describes which pollutants and other parameters MassDEP measures at its various ambient air monitoring stations, and discusses recent and planned changes to the network. For detailed information on monitor locations, pollutants analyzed, and methods used, see Attachments 1-3.

MassDEP will accept public comments on this draft Network Plan until July 15, 2021. Comments should sent via email or mail to:

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List of Abbreviations

(3 day)	Every 3rd day
(6 day)	Every 6th day
AAB	Air Assessment Branch
BC	. Black Carbon
BP	. Barometric Pressure
CBSA	. Core Based Statistical Area
CFR	. Code of Federal Regulations
CO	. Carbon Monoxide
CO ₂	. Carbon Dioxide
FEM	Federal Equivalent Method
FRM	Federal Reference Method
EPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
IMPROVE	Interagency Monitoring of Protected Visual Environments
MassDEP	Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection
MET	. Meteorological Parameters
MSA	. Metropolitan Statistical Area
NAAQS	. National Ambient Air Quality Standards (for criteria pollutants)
NATTS	National Air Toxics Trends Station
NCore	National Core Monitoring Network
NO	. Nitric Oxide
NOx	. Nitrogen Oxides
NOy	. Total Reactive Oxidized Nitrogen
NO ₂	. Nitrogen Dioxide
NO ₃	. Nitrate
O ₃	. Ozone
PAMS	Photochemical Assessment Monitoring Stations
Pb	Lead
ppb	parts per billion by volume
ppm	parts per million by volume
PM _{2.5}	. Particulate matter ≤ 2.5 microns aerodynamic diameter
PM ₁₀	Particulate matter ≤ 10 microns aerodynamic diameter
RH	. Relative Humidity
SO ₂	Sulfur Dioxide
SOLAR	Solar Radiation
TEMP	. Temperature
TSP	. Total Suspended Particulates
μg/m³	micrograms per cubic meter
VOCs	. Volatile Organic Compounds
WS/WD	. Wind Speed/Wind Direction
WSv/WDv	. Wind Speed/Wind Direction Vector

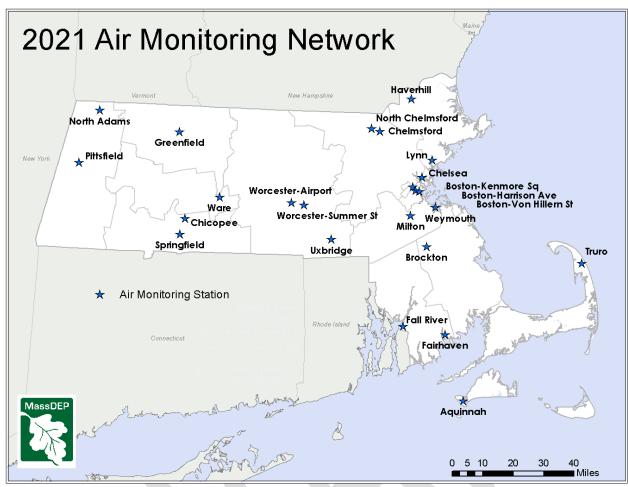


Figure 1 - 2021 Air Monitoring Network

1. Criteria Pollutants

This section describes MassDEP's network for monitoring criteria pollutants listed in the federal Clean Air Act for which EPA has set National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS), including ozone, sulfur dioxide, nitrogen dioxide, carbon monoxide, particulate matter (PM_{10} and $PM_{2.5}$) and lead. EPA periodically reviews and revises these standards based on new public health and scientific information. These revisions often require changes to air monitoring networks and methodologies.

	National Ambient Air Quality Standards					
Pollutant		Primary/ Secondary	Averaging Time	Level	Form	
Carbon		nrimary	8-hour	9 ppm	Not to be exceeded more than once	
Monoxide		primary	1-hour	35 ppm	per year	
Lead		primary and secondary	Rolling 3 month average	0.15 μg/m ³	Not to be exceeded	
Nitrogen Dioxide		primary	1-hour	100 ppb	98th percentile of 1-hr daily maximum concentrations, averaged over 3 years	
		primary and secondary	Annual	53 ppb	Annual Mean	
Ozone		primary and secondary	8-hour	0.070 ppm	Annual fourth-highest daily maximum 8-hr concentration, averaged over 3 years	
	prim	primary	Annual	12 μg/m³	annual mean, averaged over 3 years	
	PM _{2.5}	secondary	Annual	15 μg/m ³	annual mean, averaged over 3 years	
Particle Pollution	1 1012.5	primary and secondary	24-hour	35 μg/m³	98th percentile, averaged over 3 years	
	PM ₁₀	primary and secondary	24-hour	150 μg/m ³	Not to be exceeded more than once per year on average over 3 years	
Sulfur Dio	vido	primary	1-hour	75 ppb	99th percentile of 1-hr daily maximum concentrations, averaged over 3 years	
Sullul DIO.	riue	secondary	3-hour	0.5 ppm	Not to be exceeded more than once per year	

μg/m³ = micrograms per cubic meter

ppm = parts per million

ppb = parts per billion

1.1 Ozone (O₃)

MassDEP operates 17 ozone monitoring stations at the locations listed below. The Wampanoag Tribe of Gay Head (Aquinnah) on Martha's Vineyard operates one additional ozone monitor in Aquinnah. In April 2021, MassDEP began ozone monitoring in Weymouth (25-021-2005). The existing ozone monitoring network meets EPA monitoring requirements for the ozone NAAQS. MassDEP is not planning additional changes to the ozone monitoring network in 2021. Note that the ozone monitor at the Chelmsford Near Road site (25-017-0010) on Manning Road is for informational purposes and is not used to demonstrate compliance with the ozone NAAQS because it does not meet siting criteria regarding distance from roadways in 40 CFR Part 58 Appendix E.

	Ozone (O ₃)			
ID Number	City / Town	Location	CBSA	
25-025-0042	Boston - Roxbury	Harrison Avenue	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA	
25-023-0005	Brockton	Buckley Playground	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA	
25-017-0009	North Chelmsford	EPA Laboratory	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA	
25-017-0010	Chelmsford	Manning Road	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA	
25-013-0008	Chicopee	Westover AFB	Springfield MSA	
25-005-1006	Fairhaven	Hastings School	Providence-Warwick MSA	
25-005-1004	Fall River	Globe Street	Providence-Warwick MSA	
25-011-2005	Greenfield	Veterans Field	Springfield MSA	
25-009-5005	Haverhill	Consentino School	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA	
25-009-2006	Lynn	Parkland Avenue	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA	
25-021-3003	Milton	Blue Hill Summit	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA	
25-003-0008	Pittsfield	Silver Lake Drive	Pittsfield MSA	
25-001-0002	Truro	Fox Bottom Area	Barnstable MSA	
25-027-0024	Uxbridge	East Hartford Avenue	Worcester MSA	
25-015-4002	Ware	Quabbin Summit	Springfield MSA	
25-021-2005	Weymouth	Monatiquot Street	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA	
25-027-0015	Worcester	Worcester Airport	Worcester MSA	
25-007-0001	Aquinnah	Wampanoag Tribe	Vineyard Haven MiSA	

CBSA = Core Based Statistical Area MSA = Metropolitan Statistical Area MiSA = Micropolitan Statistical Area

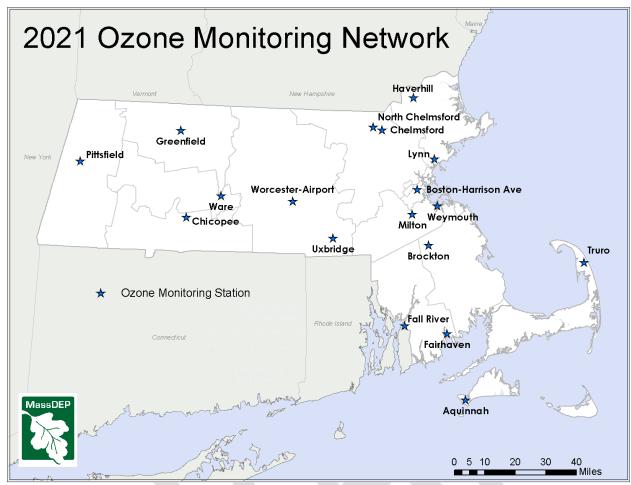


Figure 2 - Ozone Monitoring Network

1.2 Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂)

MassDEP operates six trace-level (i.e., very low concentration) sulfur dioxide (SO₂) monitors at the locations listed below. The existing SO₂ monitoring network meets EPA monitoring requirements for the SO₂ NAAQS. MassDEP is not planning changes to the SO₂ monitoring network in 2021.

Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂)				
ID Number	City /Town	Location	CBSA	
25-025-0002	Boston - Kenmore	Kenmore Square	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA	
25-025-0042	Boston - Roxbury	Harrison Avenue	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA	
25-005-1004	Fall River	Globe Street	Providence-Warwick MSA	
25-013-0018	Springfield	Liberty Street	Springfield MSA	
25-015-4002	Ware	Quabbin Summit	Springfield MSA	
25-027-0023	Worcester	Summer Street	Worcester MSA	

CBSA = Core Based Statistical Area MSA = Metropolitan Statistical Area

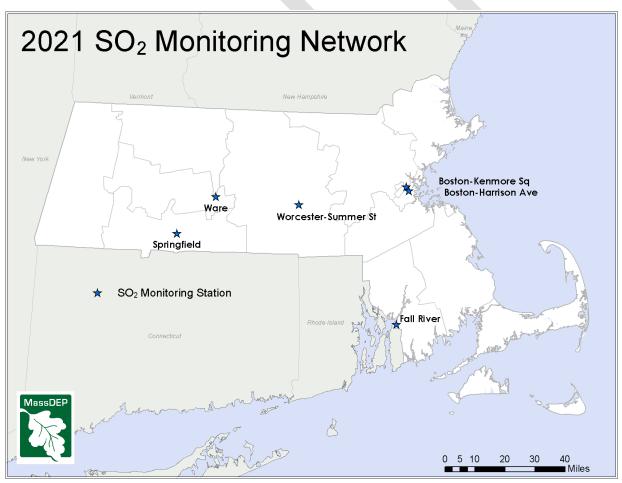


Figure 3 - Sulfur Dioxide Monitoring Network

1.3 Nitrogen Dioxide (NO₂)

MassDEP operates 11 nitrogen dioxide (NO₂) monitors at the locations listed below. NO₂ monitors measure NO₂ and nitrogen oxides (NOx), which is NO₂ plus nitric oxide (NO). NO₂ is monitored for NO₂ NAAQS compliance and as an ozone precursor. MassDEP operates 10 regular NO₂ monitors to determine compliance with the NAAQS, including the near-road monitors in Boston (Von Hillern Street) and Chelmsford. In August 2019, MassDEP replaced the regular NO₂ monitor at Lynn (25-009-2006) with a direct absorption NO₂ unit to measure NO₂ as an ozone precursor. EPA has designated three monitors (Boston – Roxbury, Boston – Kenmore, and Springfield) as representing susceptible and vulnerable populations. In April 2021, MassDEP began NO₂ monitoring in Weymouth (25-021-2005). The existing NO₂ monitoring network meets EPA monitoring requirements for the NO₂ NAAQS. MassDEP is not planning additional changes in 2021.

	Nitrogen Dioxide (NO ₂)				
ID Number	City / Town	Location	CBSA		
25-025-0002	Boston - Kenmore	Kenmore Square	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA		
25-025-0042	Boston - Roxbury	Harrison Avenue	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA		
25-025-0044	Boston - Von Hillern	Von Hillern Street	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA		
25-017-0010	Chelmsford	Manning Road	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA		
25-013-0008	Chicopee	Westover AFB	Springfield MSA		
25-009-2006	Lynn	Parkland Avenue	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA		
25-021-3003	Milton	Blue Hill	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA		
25-013-0018	Springfield	Liberty Street	Springfield MSA		
25-015-4002	Ware	Quabbin Summit	Springfield MSA		
25-021-2005	Weymouth	Monatiquot Street	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA		
25-027-0023	Worcester	Summer Street	Worcester MSA		

CBSA = Core Based Statistical Area MSA = Metropolitan Statistical Area

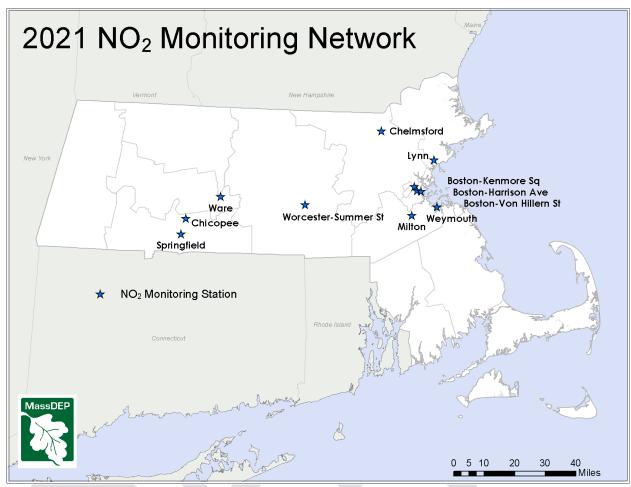


Figure 4 - Nitrogen Dioxide Monitoring Network

1.4 Carbon Monoxide

MassDEP operates three trace-level carbon monoxide (CO) monitors at the locations listed below. The existing CO monitoring network meets EPA monitoring requirements for the CO NAAQS. MassDEP is not planning changes to the CO monitoring network in 2021.

Carbon Monoxide (CO)				
ID Number	City / Town	Location	CBSA	
25-025-0042	Boston - Roxbury	Harrison Avenue	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA	
25-025-0044	Boston - Von Hillern	Von Hillern Street	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA	
25-027-0023	Worcester	Summer Street	Worcester MSA	

CBSA = Core Based Statistical Area MSA = Metropolitan Statistical Area

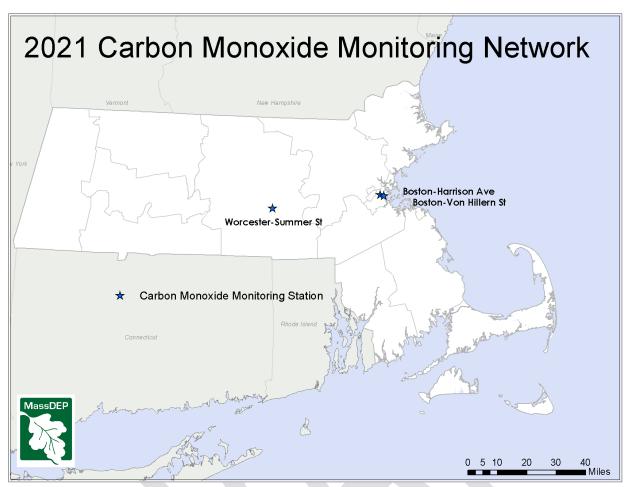


Figure 4 - Carbon Monoxide Monitoring Network

1.5 Particulate Matter (PM)

PM_{10}

MassDEP operates four PM_{10} monitors (low volume instruments) at the locations listed below, including collocated monitors at the Boston - Roxbury NCore site for quality assurance purposes. PM_{coarse} concentrations are calculated using data from PM_{10} monitors and $PM_{2.5}$ monitors at the Boston - Roxbury site, which is an NCore requirement. These samples are also used for PM_{10} -based metals monitoring, which is a National Air Toxics Trends Sites (NATTS) requirement. The existing PM_{10} monitoring network meets EPA monitoring requirements for the PM_{10} NAAQS. MassDEP is not planning changes to the PM_{10} monitoring network in 2021.

PM ₁₀ (Low Volume)				
ID Number	City / Town	Location	CBSA	
25-025-0042 ¹	Boston - Roxbury	Harrison Avenue	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA	
25-015-4002	Ware	Quabbin Summit	Springfield MSA	
25-027-0023 ²	Worcester	Summer Street	Worcester MSA	

¹ Two monitors (Collocated)

² MassDEP also operates a continuous atmospheric radiation sampler (TSP-based) at Worcester - Summer Street (25-027-0023) in cooperation with the EPA's National Air and Radiation Environmental Laboratory (RadNet).

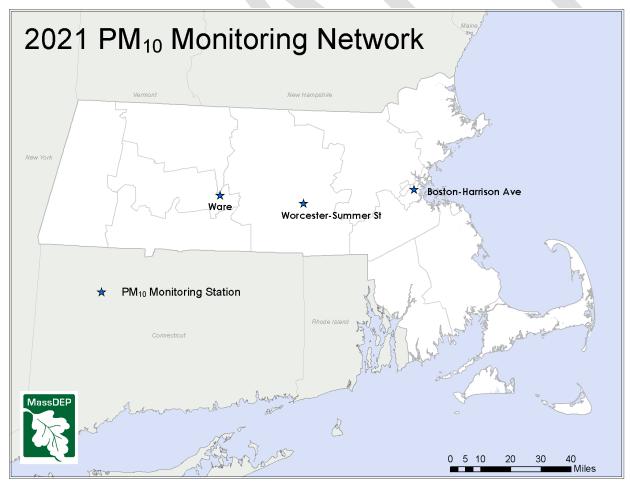


Figure 5 - PM₁₀ Monitoring Network

$PM_{2.5}$

Continuous Monitors: MassDEP operates 18 continuous fine particulate matter (PM_{2.5}) monitors at the locations listed below, including collocated monitors at Boston – Von Hillern (25-025-0044) for quality assurance purposes. All of MassDEP's continuous PM_{2.5} monitors have a Federal Equivalent Method (FEM) designation and are designated as primary monitors for determining compliance with the PM_{2.5} NAAQS. Continuous monitors provide the hourly PM_{2.5} data that appears on MassDEP's MassAir website. The existing PM_{2.5} monitoring network meets EPA monitoring requirements for the PM_{2.5} NAAQS. In April 2021, MassDEP established a continuous PM_{2.5} monitor in Chelsea (25-025-1004) and replaced the continuous PM_{2.5} monitor at the temporary Weymouth – Bridge Street site (25-021-2004) with a continuous PM_{2.5} monitor at the new permanent Weymouth – Monatiquot Street site (25-021-2005). MassDEP plans to establish a new continuous PM_{2.5} monitoring station in the Chinatown neighborhood of Boston in 2021.

	Continuous PM _{2.5} Monitors				
ID Number	City / Town	Location	CBSA		
25-025-0002	Boston - Kenmore	Kenmore Square	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA		
25-025-0042	Boston – Roxbury	Harrison Avenue	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA		
25-025-0044 ¹	Boston - Von Hillern	Von Hillern Street	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA		
25-023-0005	Brockton	Buckley Playground	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA		
25-017-0010	Chelmsford	Manning Road	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA		
25-013-0008	Chicopee	Westover AFB	Springfield MSA		
25-025-1004	Chelsea	Highland Park	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA		
25-005-1004	Fall River	Globe Street	Providence-Warwick MSA		
25-011-2005	Greenfield	Veterans Field	Springfield MSA		
25-009-5005	Haverhill	Consentino School	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA		
25-009-2006	Lynn	Parkland Avenue	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA		
25-003-6001	North Adams	Holden Street	Pittsfield MSA		
25-003-0008	Pittsfield	Silver Lake Drive	Pittsfield MSA		
25-013-0018	Springfield	Liberty Street	Springfield MSA		
25-015-4002	Ware	Quabbin Summit	Springfield MSA		
25-021-2005	Weymouth	Monatiquot Street	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA		
25-027-0023	Worcester – Summer	Summer Street	Worcester MSA		

¹ Two monitors (Collocated) CBSA = Core Based Statistical Area MSA = Metropolitan Statistical Area

<u>Filter-Based Monitors</u>: MassDEP operates six PM_{2.5} Federal Reference Method (FRM) monitors at the locations listed below. In January 2021, MassDEP discontinued filter-based monitoring at Brockton (25-023-0005), Haverhill (25-009-5005), Worcester – Summer Street (25-027-0023) and Chicopee (25-013-0008). MassDEP will rely on the primary continuous PM_{2.5} monitors at each of these sites for determining NAAQS compliance.

Filter-Based PM _{2.5} (FRM)				
ID Number	City / Town	Location	CBSA	
25-025-0002	Boston - Kenmore	Kenmore Square	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA	
25-025-0042	Boston - Roxbury	Harrison Avenue	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA	
25-025-0044	Boston - Von Hillern	Von Hillern Street	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA	
25-011-2005	Greenfield	Veterans Field	Springfield MSA	
25-003-0008	Pittsfield	Silver Lake Drive	Pittsfield MSA	
25-013-0018	Springfield	Liberty Street	Springfield MSA	

¹ Two monitors (collocated)

CBSA = Core Based Statistical Area

MSA = Metropolitan Statistical Area

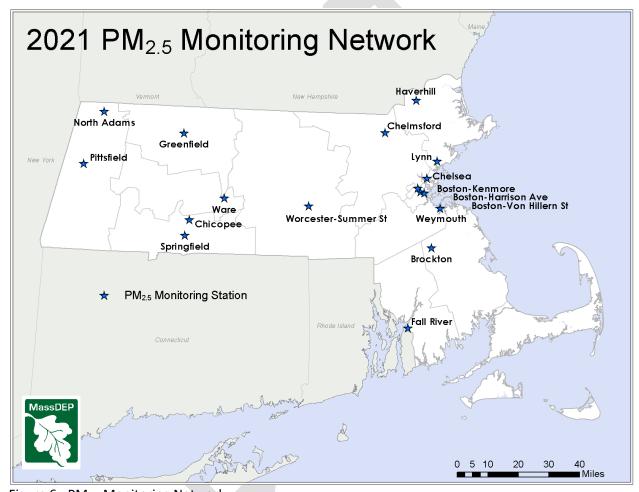


Figure 6 - PM_{2.5} Monitoring Network

Speciated PM_{2.5}

MassDEP collects speciated $PM_{2.5}$ samples at Boston – Roxbury (25-025-0042) and Chicopee (25-013-0008). The speciated $PM_{2.5}$ program is designed to determine some of the chemical components (elements, sulfates, nitrates, carbon species) that are contained in $PM_{2.5}$.

IMPROVE sampling sites also provide speciated $PM_{2.5}$ data. The IMPROVE program measures parameters that are similar to those measured by the speciation program and is designed to measure species at rural locations to evaluate the contribution of fine particulates and their constituents to the degradation of visibility. The National Park Service operates an IMPROVE sampler at Truro – National Sea Shore (25-001-0002) and the Wampanoag Tribe on Martha's Vineyard also operates an IMPROVE sampler at Aquinnah (25-007-0001).

Speciated PM _{2.5}				
ID Number	City / Town	Location	CBSA	
25-025-0042	Boston - Roxbury	Harrison Avenue	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA	
25-013-0008	Chicopee	Westover AFB	Springfield MSA	
25-001-0002	Truro	Fox Bottom Area	Barnstable MSA	
25-007-0001	Aquinnah	Wampanoag Tribe	Vineyard Haven MiSA	

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PMcoarse

MassDEP uses FRM for PM_{coarse} in compliance with NCore requirements at the Boston – Roxbury (25-025-0042) NCore site. This method consists of the subtraction of $PM_{2.5}$ values from PM_{10} values at a site that has side-by-side samplers of each type sampling on the same dates.

1.6 Lead

MassDEP monitors lead at the Boston – Harrison Avenue NCore (25-025-0042) site using a low-volume PM_{10} method. While EPA allows states to discontinue lead monitoring at NCore sites that show concentrations below the NAAQS, MassDEP plans to continue lead monitoring at the Boston – Roxbury NCore site for non-NAAQS purposes under the National Air Toxics Trends Site (NATTS) program.

2. Photochemical Assessment Monitoring Stations

MassDEP operates an enhanced ozone Photochemical Assessment Monitoring Stations (PAMS) in Lynn (25-009-2006). PAMS are designed to measure ozone precursors and meteorological parameters in order to provide data about ozone formation and the effect of precursor controls on ozone production. At the Lynn site MassDEP monitors nitrogen oxides and volatile organic compounds (VOCs), including carbonyl compounds (formaldehyde, acetaldehyde). These are measured by taking discrete 24-hour samples and by operating an hourly automated gas chromatograph (auto-GC). In January 2020, MassDEP installed a NOy analyzer at the Lynn site, and in May 2020, MassDEP installed a ceilometer that uses a laser to measure cloud base and mixing heights in the atmosphere, which is important data for regional air quality pollutant modeling. MassDEP plans to conduct PAMS monitoring in accordance with the approved Implementation Plan and Enhanced Monitoring Plan (EMP) by the June 1, 2021 start date.

3. Total Reactive Nitrogen (NOy)

MassDEP operates NOy analyzers at Lynn (25-009-2006), Ware (25-015-4002) and Boston – Roxbury (25-025-0042) to meet PAMS and NCore requirements.

Total Reactive Nitrogen (NOy)				
ID Number	City / Town	Location	CBSA	
25-025-0042	Boston - Roxbury	Harrison Avenue	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA	
25-009-2006	Lynn	Parkland Avenue	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA	
25-015-4002	Ware	Quabbin Summit	Springfield MSA	

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4. Air Toxics

Boston – Roxbury (25-025-0042) is a National Air Toxics Trend Station (NATTS), in addition to serving as an NCore site. NATTS is an EPA program comprised of monitoring stations across the country equipped to measure a wide range of toxic air pollutants, including metals, VOCs, carbonyls, black carbon and semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs). At the Boston – Roxbury site, MassDEP monitors black carbon, VOCs, carbonyls (formaldehyde and acetaldehyde), toxic metals (from PM₁₀ filters), and polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs).

MassDEP also collects 24-hour VOC canister samples and 24-hour carbonyl cartridge samples every sixth day in Lynn, Chelsea, and Weymouth. Lynn (25-009-2006) serves as a Boston Area background location. In April 2021, MassDEP began collecting VOC and carbonyl samples at the new Chelsea site (25-025-1004). Also in April 2021, MassDEP replaced VOC and carbonyl samples at the temporary Weymouth – Bridge Street site (25-021-2004) with VOC and carbonyl samples at the new permanent Weymouth – Monatiquot Street site (25-021-2005).

All VOC samples are sent to the Rhode Island Department of Health (RIDOH) Laboratory for analysis. All carbonyl samples are analyzed by MassDEP's Division of Environmental Analysis (DEA).

Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)			
ID Number	City / Town	Location	CBSA
25-025-0042	Boston - Roxbury	Harrison Avenue	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA
25-025-1004	Chelsea	Highland Park	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA
25-009-2006	Lynn	Parkland Avenue	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA
25-021-2005	Weymouth	Monatiquot Street	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA

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Although black carbon is not a criteria pollutant, it is useful for characterizing wood smoke and diesel combustion emissions; therefore, MassDEP monitors black carbon using aethalometers at the following locations:

Black Carbon			
ID Number	City / Town	Location	CBSA
25-025-0042	Boston - Roxbury	Harrison Avenue	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA
25-025-0044	Boston - Von Hillern	Von Hillern Street	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA
25-017-0010	Chelmsford	Manning Road	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA
25-011-2005	Greenfield	Veterans Field	Springfield MSA
25-003-6001	North Adams	Holden Street	Pittsfield MSA
25-003-0008	Pittsfield	Silver Lake Drive	Pittsfield MSA
25-013-0018	Springfield	Liberty Street	Springfield MSA

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5. Enhanced Monitoring in Environmental Justice Communities

With grant funding from EPA Region 1, MassDEP is working with City of Chelsea officials and local citizens to characterize local air quality and emissions reduction and mitigation strategies to protect human health. Significant portions of Chelsea are identified as Environmental Justice (EJ) communities and have been disproportionally affected by COVID-19. Sources of air pollution in and around Chelsea include industrial properties, Logan Airport, petroleum storage, cargo ships, and vehicle travel on major roadways.

In April 2021, MassDEP established a new monitoring station in Chelsea that includes a continuous $PM_{2.5}$ monitor and collection of 24-hour VOC canister samples and 24-hour carbonyl cartridge samples every sixth day. In addition, working with the community, MassDEP deployed ten small (non-regulatory) $PM_{2.5}$ sensors throughout the City of Chelsea. The sensors will operate for at least 1 year.

The monitoring data will be used to evaluate potential sources of pollution, as well as mitigation strategies to protect human health. Data from both the PM_{2.5} monitor and PM_{2.5} sensors will be displayed on EPA's AirNow website. Data from the sensors will not be used for comparison to PM_{2.5} NAAQS because they do not meet the precision and accuracy standards required for regulatory monitors. However, these sensors can help identify areas of the city with higher levels of PM_{2.5} pollution.

MassDEP is expanding the use of small PM_{2.5} sensors through a new MassDEP grant program that will make up to 10 sensors available to individual communities across the Commonwealth to place throughout their city or town, with a focus on helping Environmental Justice communities identify sources of pollution so that emissions reduction and mitigation strategies can be taken to protect residents' health.

6. Summary of Recent and Proposed Network Changes

MassDEP made the following recent changes to the monitoring network:

■ In January 2021, MassDEP discontinued filter-based monitors at Brockton (25-023-0005), Haverhill (25-009-5005), Worcester – Summer Street (25-027-0023) and Chicopee (25-013-0008). MassDEP will rely on the primary continuous PM_{2.5} monitors at each of these sites.

- In April 2021, MassDEP replaced the temporary Weymouth Bridge Street site (25-021-2004) with the Weymouth Monatiquot Street site (25-021-2005). In addition to a continuous PM_{2.5} monitor, VOC samples and carbonyl samples, the new site includes continuous ozone and NO₂ monitoring.
- In April 2021, MassDEP established a new monitoring station in Chelsea (25-025-1004) with a continuous PM_{2.5} monitor and VOC samples and carbonyl samples collected every sixth day. MassDEP also deployed ten mobile (non-regulatory) PM_{2.5} sensors throughout Chelsea to characterize local air quality. MassDEP is evaluating opportunities to expand the use of mobile PM_{2.5} sensors in additional Environmental Justice areas.
- In May 2021, MassDEP installed a ceilometer at Lynn (25-009-2006) and plans to conduct PAMS monitoring in accordance with the approved Implementation Plan and Enhanced Monitoring Plan (EMP) by the June 1, 2021 start date.

MassDEP plans to make the following changes to the monitoring network:

■ MassDEP plans to establish a new PM_{2.5} monitoring station in the Chinatown neighborhood of Boston.

Attachment 1

Monitoring Site Descriptions

This section provides descriptions of each monitoring site in the Massachusetts air monitoring network, including location, monitored parameters, monitoring objectives, and descriptive information.

Boston – Kenmore Square (25-025-0002)		
Address:	Kenmore Square, 590 Commonwealth Ave, Boston	
Latitude/Longitude:	42.34894, -71.097708	
Parameters:	SO ₂ , NO ₂ , NO, NO _x , PM _{2.5} , PM _{2.5} filter (3 day)	
Year Established:	1965 for population exposure	
CBSA:	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA	

The Kenmore Square site was established in 1965 and provides a long historical record of air pollution trends in Boston. It is located in a commercial and residential area. The site includes continuous SO_2 and NO_2 monitors. Particulate measurements include a continuous $PM_{2.5}$ monitor and $PM_{2.5}$ filters collected every 3^{rd} day.



Boston – Harrison Avenue (25-025-0042)		
Address:	1159 Harrison Avenue, Boston	
Latitude/Longitude:	42.3295, -71.082619	
Parameters:	O ₃ , CO, SO ₂ , NO ₂ , NO, NO _x , NO _y , PM _{2.5} , PM _{2.5} filter (3 day), PM ₁₀ filter (3 day and 6 day), speciated PM _{2.5} , black carbon, toxics, VOCs (6 day), carbonyls (6 day), MET	
Year Established:	1998 for population exposure (NCore since 2011)	
CBSA:	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA	

The Harrison Avenue site was established in 1998 to provide population exposure monitoring, and in 2011 it became the state's NCore location. It is located in a commercial and residential area. NCore is a multipollutant network that integrates several advanced measurement systems for particles, pollutant gases and meteorology. The site includes continuous O₃, CO, SO₂, NO₂ and NO_y monitors. Particulate measurements include a continuous PM_{2.5} monitor, PM_{2.5} filters collected every 3rd day, and collocated PM₁₀ filters collected every 3rd day from the primary unit and every 6th day from the secondary unit, speciated PM_{2.5}, and black carbon. Toxics sampling is also conducted at this site in association with the NATTS program. NATTS parameters include VOCs, carbonyls, metals and PAHs.



Boston – Von Hillern (25-025-0044)		
Address:	19 Von Hillern Street, Boston	
Latitude/Longitude:	42.32519, -71.0561	
Parameters:	CO, NO ₂ , NO, NO _x , PM _{2.5} , PM _{2.5} filter (6 day), black carbon, MET	
Year Established:	2013 for near-road monitoring	
CBSA:	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA	

The Von Hillern site was established in 2013 as the first near-road sampling location in MassDEP's network, and is sited to measure peak hourly NO_2 concentrations that are expected to occur in the near-road environment. This site is located in a commercial area, adjacent to a heavily traveled urban highway. The site includes continuous CO and NO_2 monitors. Particulate measurements include collocated continuous $PM_{2.5}$ monitors, $PM_{2.5}$ filters collected every 6^{th} day, and black carbon.



Brockton (25-023-0005)		
Address:	Gilmore School, 170 Clinton St., Brockton	
Latitude/Longitude:	42.065131, -71.12667	
Parameters:	O ₃ , PM _{2.5}	
Year Established:	2013 for population exposure	
CBSA:	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA	

The Brockton site was established in 2013. The site provides population exposure monitoring. It is located in a commercial and residential area, adjacent to a playground. The site includes a continuous O_3 monitoring. Particulate measurements include a continuous $PM_{2.5}$ monitor.



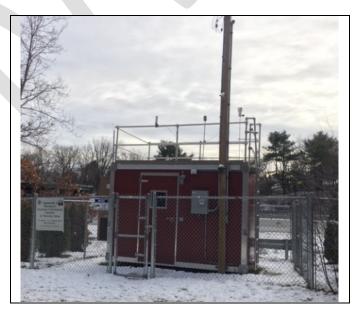
North Chelmsford (25-017-0009)		
Address:	EPA NERL, 11 Technology Drive, Chelmsford	
Latitude/Longitude:	42.626925, -71.362128	
Parameters:	O ₃	
Year Established:	2012 for population exposure	
CBSA:	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA	

The North Chelmsford site was established in 2005 by EPA and was added to the MassDEP network in 2012. The site provides population exposure monitoring. It is located in a mixed commercial and residential area, inside the EPA Northeast Regional Laboratory (NERL). The site includes a continuous O_3 monitor.



Chelmsford – Manning Road (25-017-0010)	
Address:	5 Manning Road, Chelmsford
Latitude/Longitude:	42.612156, -71.307255
Parameters:	O ₃ , NO ₂ , NO, NO _x , PM _{2.5} , black carbon
Year Established:	2018 for near-road monitoring
CBSA:	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA

The Chelmsford Manning Road site was established in June 2018 as the second nearroad sampling location in MassDEP's network. Sited to measure peak hourly NO₂ concentrations that are expected to occur in the near-road environment. This site is located in a residential area, adjacent to a heavily traveled urban highway. The site includes continuous NO₂ and O₃ monitors. The ozone monitor is for informational purposes and is not used to demonstrate compliance with NAQQS because it does not meet siting criteria regarding distance from roadways in 40 CFR Part 58 Appendix E. Particulate measurements include a continuous PM_{2.5} monitor and black carbon.



Chelsea (25-025-1004)		
Address:	31 Willow Street, Chelsea (Highland Park)	
Latitude/Longitude:	42.387222, -71.026111	
Parameters:	PM _{2.5} , VOCs (6 day), carbonyls (6 day)	
Year Established:	2021 for population exposure	
CBSA:	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA	

The Chelsea site was established in 2021 to provide population exposure monitoring. It is located in Highland Park, in a mixed commercial and residential area. The site measures continuous PM_{2.5}, VOCs (6 day), and carbonyls (6 day).



Chicopee (25-013-0008)		
Address:	Anderson Road, Chicopee (Westover AFB)	
Latitude/Longitude:	42.194444, -72.555628	
Parameters:	O ₃ , NO ₂ , NO, NO _x , PM _{2.5} , speciated PM _{2.5} , MET	
Year Established:	1983 for population exposure	
CBSA:	Springfield MSA	

The Chicopee site was established in 1983 to provide population exposure monitoring. It is located at the Westover Air Reserve Base. The site includes continuous O_3 and NO_2 monitors. Particulate measurements include a continuous $PM_{2.5}$ monitor and speciated $PM_{2.5}$.



Fairhaven (25-005-1006)		
Address:	Hastings Middle School, 30 School Street, Fairhaven	
Latitude/Longitude:	41.645403, -70.898402	
Parameters:	O ₃ , MET	
Year Established:	2013 for population exposure and ozone transport monitoring	
CBSA:	Providence-Warwick MSA	

The Fairhaven site was established in 2013 as a replacement for a previous site at the Wood School in Fairhaven. The site provides population exposure and ozone transport monitoring. It is located in a mixed commercial and residential area, adjacent to a school. The site includes a continuous O_3 monitor.



Fall River (25-005-1004)		
Address:	659 Globe Street, Fall River	
Latitude/Longitude:	41.685728, -71.169764	
Parameters:	O ₃ , SO ₂ , PM _{2.5}	
Year Established:	1975 for population exposure monitoring	
CBSA:	Providence-Warwick MSA	

The Fall River site was established in 1975 to provide population exposure monitoring. It is located at a fire department station, in a mixed commercial and residential area, adjacent to a recreational park. The site includes continuous O_3 and SO_2 monitors. Particulate measurements include a continuous $PM_{2.5}$ monitor.



Greenfield (25-011-2005)	
Address:	16 Barr Avenue, Greenfield
Latitude/Longitude:	42.605832, -72.596647
Parameters:	O ₃ , PM _{2.5} , PM _{2.5} filter (3 day), black carbon, MET
Year Established:	2014 for population exposure monitoring
CBSA:	Springfield MSA

The Greenfield site was established in 2014 to provide population exposure monitoring. It is located in a residential area, adjacent to a school. The site includes a continuous O_3 monitor. Particulate measurements include a continuous $PM_{2.5}$ monitor, $PM_{2.5}$ filters collected every 3^{rd} day, and black carbon.



Haverhill (25-009-5005)			
Address:	Consentino School, 685 Washington Street, Haverhill		
Latitude/Longitude:	42.770867, -71.102831		
Parameters:	O ₃ , PM _{2.5} , MET		
Year Established:	1994 for population exposure monitoring		
CBSA:	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA		

The Haverhill site was established in 1994 to provide population exposure monitoring. It is located in a residential area, adjacent to a school. The site includes a continuous O_3 monitor. Particulate measurements include a continuous $PM_{2.5}$ monitor.



Lynn (25-009-2006)	
Address:	390 Parkland Avenue, Lynn
Latitude/Longitude:	42.474671, -70.971358
Parameters:	O ₃ , NO ₂ , NO _y , PM _{2.5} , VOCs (6 day), carbonyls (6 day), auto-GC, MET
Year Established:	1983 for population exposure
CBSA:	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA

The Lynn site was established in 1992 as a PAMS station as well as for population exposure monitoring. It is located in a residential area, adjacent to a public water supply. The site includes continuous O₃, NO₂, and NO_y monitors. Particulate measurements include a continuous PM_{2.5} monitor. NO₂ is measured directly with a Cavity Attenuated Phase Shift (CAPS) analyzer which does not rely on conversion of NO₂ to another species and therefore does not record NO or NOx values. However, the NO_y analyzer measures trace-level NO, NO₂, and NOx. Year round 24-hour VOC and carbonyl samples are collected every 6th day. During PAMS season, three sequential 8-hour carbonyl samples are collected every 3rd day and speciated VOCs are monitored continuously by automatic gas chromatograph (auto-GC).



Milton - Blue Hill (25-021-3003)		
Address:	Blue Hill Observatory, 1904 Canton Ave, Milton	
Latitude/Longitude:	42.2118, -71.114506	
Parameters:	O ₃ , NO, NO ₂ , NO _x , MET	
Year Established:	2002	
CBSA:	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA	

The Blue Hill site was established in 2002 and provides population exposure monitoring. It is located on a hilltop next to a weather observatory. The site includes continuous O_3 and NO_2 monitors.



North Adams (25-003-6001)	
Address:	86 Holden Street, North Adams
Latitude/Longitude:	42.702191, -73.110485
Parameters:	PM _{2.5} , black carbon
Year Established:	2017 for population exposure monitoring
CBSA:	Springfield MSA

The North Adams site was established in 2017 to monitor the effects of wood smoke in a valley environment. It is located in a mixed residential and commercial area. Particulate measurements include a continuous $PM_{2.5}$ monitor and black carbon.



Pittsfield (25-003-0008)		
Address:	25 Silver Lake Drive	
Latitude/Longitude:	42.453035, -73.238776	
Parameters:	O ₃ , PM _{2.5} , PM _{2.5} filter (3 day), black carbon, MET	
Year Established:	2018 for population exposure	
CBSA:	Pittsfield MSA	

The Pittsfield site was established in August 2018 to provide population exposure monitoring. It is located in a mixed commercial and residential area. The site includes a continuous O_3 monitor. Particulate measurements include a continuous $PM_{2.5}$ monitor, $PM_{2.5}$ filters collected every 3^{rd} day, and black carbon.



Springfield (25-013-0018)	
Address:	600 Liberty Street
Latitude/Longitude:	42.120163, -72.585146
Parameters:	SO ₂ , NO, NO ₂ , NO _x , PM _{2.5} , PM _{2.5} filter (6 day), black carbon
Year Established:	2018 for population exposure
CBSA:	Springfield MSA

The Springfield site was established in May 2018 as a replacement for a previous site at 165 Liberty Street in Springfield. The site provides population exposure monitoring. It is located in a mixed commercial and residential area. The site includes continuous SO_2 , and NO_2 monitors. Particulate measurements include a continuous $PM_{2.5}$ monitor, $PM_{2.5}$ filter samples collected every 6^{th} day, and black carbon.



Truro (25-001-0002)		
Address:	6 Collins Road, Truro (Fox Bottom Area)	
Latitude/Longitude:	41.975833, -70.024167	
Parameters:	O3, speciated PM _{2.5} , MET	
Year Established:	1987 for population exposure and ozone transport monitoring	
CBSA:	Barnstable MSA	

The Truro site was established in 1987 to provide population exposure and ozone transport monitoring. It is located in a rural area adjacent to conservation land. The site includes a continuous O_3 monitor. Particulate measurements include speciated $PM_{2.5}$ via the IMPROVE program.



Uxbridge (25-027-0024)	
Address:	366 East Hartford Avenue, Uxbridge
Latitude/Longitude:	42.099722, -71.619917
Parameters:	O ₃ , MET
Year Established:	2008 for population exposure and ozone transport monitoring
CBSA:	Worcester MSA

The Uxbridge site was established in 2008 to provide population exposure and ozone transport monitoring. It is located in a residential area, adjacent to a park. The site includes a continuous O_3 monitor.



Ware (25-015-4002)	
Address:	36 Skyline Drive, Ware (Quabbin Summit)
Latitude/Longitude:	42.298514, -72.334575
Parameters:	O ₃ , SO ₂ , NO, NO ₂ , NO _x , NO _y , PM _{2.5} , PM ₁₀ (6 day), MET
Year Established:	1985 for population exposure
CBSA:	Springfield MSA

The Ware site was established in 1985. It provides population exposure and is located in a rural area adjacent to the Quabbin reservoir. The site includes continuous O_3 , SO_2 , NO_2 , NO_y monitors. Particulate measurements include a continuous $PM_{2.5}$ monitor and PM_{10} filters collected every 6^{th} day.



Weymouth (25-021-2005)	
Address:	59 Monatiquot Street
Latitude/Longitude:	42.241229, -70.963346
Parameters:	O ₃ , NO, NO ₂ , NO _x , PM _{2.5} , VOCs (6 day), carbonyls (6 day), MET
Year Established:	2021 for population exposure
CBSA:	Boston-Cambridge-Newton MSA

The Weymouth site was established in 2021 to provide population exposure. It is located in a mixed commercial and residential area. The site currently measures continuous O_3 , NO_2 , $PM_{2.5}$, VOCs (6 day), and carbonyls (6 day).



Worcester – Airport (25-027-0015)	
Address:	375 Airport Drive, Worcester
Latitude/Longitude:	42.274342, -71.876022
Parameters:	O ₃ , MET
Year Established:	1979 for population exposure monitoring
CBSA:	Worcester MSA

The Worcester – Airport site was established in 1979 to provide population exposure monitoring. It is located in a commercial area, adjacent to an airport. The site includes a continuous O_3 monitor.



Worcester – Summer Street (25-027-0023)		
Address:	Summer Street, Worcester	
Latitude/Longitude:	42.263978, -71.794836	
Parameters:	CO, SO ₂ , NO, NO ₂ , NO _x , PM _{2.5} , PM ₁₀ filter (6 day), RadNet	
Year Established:	2004 for population exposure monitoring	
CBSA:	Worcester MSA	

The Worcester – Summer Street site was established in 2004 as a replacement for a previous site in downtown Worcester and provides population exposure monitoring. It is located in an urban commercial and residential area, adjacent to several major roadways. The site includes continuous CO, ISO₂ and NO₂ monitors. Particulate measurements include a continuous PM_{2.5} monitor and PM₁₀ filters collected every 6^{th} day. The site also includes a continuous atmospheric radiation sampler (RadNet).



Aquinnah – Wampanoag Tribe (25-007-0001)	
Address:	1 Herring Creek Road, Aquinnah (Martha's Vineyard)
Latitude/Longitude:	41.330489, -70.785764
Parameters:	O3, speciated PM _{2.5}
Year Established:	2004 for ozone transport monitoring
CBSA:	Vineyard Haven MiSA

The Aquinnah site was established in 2004 for ozone transport monitoring. It is located in a rural area adjacent to Menemsha Pond. The site includes a continuous O_3 monitor. Particulate measurements include speciated $PM_{2.5}$ via the IMPROVE program.

